

# WORLD ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY (INDUSTRY, TRADE, TRANSPORTATION & AGRICULTURE) BASED INDIAN GEOGRAPHY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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**Q1.** Plantation agriculture is practical mainly in the

- a) Mediterranean region
  - b) Temperate region
  - c) Arid region
  - d) Tropical region
- 

**Q2.** Consider the following statements

- International Date Line is drawn zigzag to avoid landmass.
- International Date Line is 180° W as well as 180° E of Greenwich.
- A ship sailing westward from Greenwich when crossing International Date Line would put back the date by a day.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**?

- a) 1 and 3
  - b) 1, 2 and 3
  - c) 1 and 2
  - d) 3 only
- 

**Q3.** Which of the following countries is the greatest producer of bauxite in the world?

- a) Australia
  - b) South Africa
  - c) Argentina
  - d) Brazil
-

**Q4.** The Detroit region in US is famous for

- a) Ship building
- b) Automobile
- c) Iron and steel
- d) Petro chemicals

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**Q5.** The leading producer of aluminium in the world is

- a) Jamaica
- b) U.S.A.
- c) Guinea
- d) Venezuela

**Q6.** Which among the following has the world's largest reserves of Uranium?

- a) Canada
- b) Russian Federation
- c) Australia
- d) USA

**Q7.** Match List-I with List-II and select the **correct** answer by using the codes given below:

List I	List II
(Country)	(Coalfields)
A. China	1. Pennsylvania
B. Germany	2. Saar

C. Ukraine	3. Shensi
D. U.S.A.	4. Donetsk Basin

Codes: A B C D

- a) 3 2 4 1  
b) 3 1 4 2  
c) 4 2 1 3  
d) 4 3 2 1

**Q8.** Which of the following countries is **not** an exporter of tea?

- a) Sri Lanka  
b) India  
c) United Kingdom  
d) Kenya

**Q9.** Which of the following are the non-geographic factors affecting the location of manufacturing industries?

- Capital
- Industrial policy
- Industrial inertia
- Transport
- Labour

Select the **correct** answer using the codes given below:

- a) 1, 4 and 5  
b) 1, 2, 4 and 5  
c) 1, 2 and 3  
d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

**Q10.**

List I	List II
A. Industries owned by individuals	1. Public Sector

B. Industries owned by the state	2. Cooperative sector
C. Industries owned jointly by individuals and state	3. Joint Sector
D. Industries owned group of people	4. Private sector

Choose the **correct** option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 – C ; 2 – B ; 3 – A ; 4 – D
- b) 1 – A ; 2 – B ; 3 – C ; 4 – D
- c) 1 – D ; 2 – A ; 3 – C ; 4 – B
- d) 1 – B ; 2 – D ; 3 – C ; 4 – A

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**Q11.** Which of the following is the busiest port of Japan?

- a) Hiroshima
- b) Hitachi
- c) Yakohama
- d) Kagoshima

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**Q12.** Which of the following countries meets its largest electricity supply from atomic energy?

- a) Japan
- b) France
- c) Slovenia
- d) Sweden

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**Q13.** Which of the following countries has a constitutional provision for maintaining 70% of its geographical area under forest?

- a) Nepal

- b) Bhutan
  - c) Maldives
  - d) Afghanistan
- 

**Q14.** Consider the following statements regarding multi-purpose river valley projects:

- The Bhakra – Nangal Project on Sutlej-Beas river is used both for hydel power production and irrigation.
- Hirakund Project in the Mahanadi basin integrates conservation of water with flood control.
- Damodar Valley Corporation is the first multi-purpose project of India.

Which of the following statements is/are **correct**?

- a) 1 and 2
  - b) 2 and 3
  - c) 1 only
  - d) 1, 2 and 3
- 

**Q15.** Which of the following countries are landlocked countries?

- Afghanistan
- Hungary
- Malaysia
- Switzerland

Select the **correct** answer from the codes given below:

- a) 1, 2 and 3
  - b) 2, 3 and 4
  - c) 1 and 2
  - d) 1, 2 and 4
- 

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**Answers to the above questions :**

**Q1. Answer: (d)**

Plantation agriculture is an export oriented specialised farming method. Where emphasis is given to raise a single crop-specially meant for export to the overseas countries. It is practical mainly in tropical region.

**Q2. Answer: (b)**

International date line lies between 180°W and 180°E of Greenwich. It is drawn zigzag to avoid landmass. There is a difference in 1 day if a ship sails westward from Greenwich by crossing the date line.

**Q3. Answer: (a)**

Australia is the greatest producer of bauxite in the world.

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### **Q4. Answer: (b)**

Long recognized as the historic heart of the American automotive industry, Detroit took on the nick name “Motor city”.

### **Q5. Answer: (b)**

The third-most abundant element in the Earth’s crust, aluminium makes over eight per cent of the earth’s crust.

It never occurs naturally in its pure state and is usually found in the form of oxide known as bauxite. It is found combined in over 270 different minerals. China is the largest producer of aluminium in the world.

In 2010, China produced over 16800 thousand metric tonnes of aluminium. The second place is occupied by Russia followed by Canada, Australia, United States, Brazil, India, United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Norway, South Africa, Iceland, Mozambique, Venezuela, and Argentina.

### **Q6. Answer: (c)**

Australia has the world’s largest uranium reserves. Approximately 24% of the planet’s uranium is present in Australia now 31%.

### **Q7. Answer: (a)**

1. China – Shensi
2. Germany – Saar
3. Ukraine – Donetz Basin
4. U.S.A. - Pennsylvania

### **Q8. Answer: (c)**

Kenya, China, Sri Lanka India and Vietnam are the leading exporters of tea in the world. These five countries are the major producers of tea as well. The United Kingdom is one of the

major importers of tea. India is the world's largest tea-drinking nation.

**Q9. Answer: (b)**

The location of the industries is largely governed by two sets of factors and they are

1. Geographical Factors
2. Non-Geographical Factors

The main geographical factors include raw material, power, labour, transport, market, cheap land and labour. The non-geographical factors include capital, industrial policy, industrial inertia, banking facilities, insurance and political stability.

**Q10. Answer: (c)**

1. Industries can be classified into the private sector, state-owned or public sector, joint sector and cooperative sector. Private-sector industries are owned and operated by individuals or a group of individuals.
2. The public sector industries are owned and operated by the government, such as Hindustan Aeronautics Limited and Steel Authority of India Limited.
3. Joint sector industries are owned and operated by the state and individuals or a group of individuals.
4. Maruti Udyog Limited is an example of a joint sector industry. Co-operative sector industries are owned and operated by the producers or suppliers of raw materials, workers or both. Anand Milk Union Limited and Sudha Dairy are success stories of a cooperative venture.

**Q11. Answer: (c)**

**Q12. Answer: (b)**

France gets almost 75% of its electricity from Nuclear Energy.

**Q13. Answer: (b)**

Bhutan has a constitutional provision for maintaining 70% of its geographical area under forest.

**Q14. Answer: (d)**

1. Damodar River Valley Project: This was the first multipurpose project constructed after independence. It was a joint venture of former Bihar and the Paschim Banga States. River Damodar rises in the Chhotanagpur plateau of Jharkhand. But, its floods caused a lot of destruction in Paschim Banga. It was called the 'Sorrow of Bengal'. The objectives of this project were to control floods, provide navigation, hydroelectricity, fish culture, recreational facilities afforestation and prevention of soil erosion. It has a 2495 km length of canals and 4.5 lakh hectares of land under irrigation. Dams are constructed across river Damodar and its tributaries at Tilaya, Konar, Maithon and Panchet hill.
2. Thermal power stations are constructed at Bokaro, Chandrapur and Durgapur, Jharkhand and Paschim Banga benefit from this project. Bhakra-Nangal Project: It is the highest multi-purpose river valley project in India. It is a joint venture of Punjab, Haryana and Rajasthan.
3. Dams are constructed across the river Sutlej in Himachal Pradesh at Bhakra and Nangal. Bhakra Dam is 226 m high and is the highest dam in Asia. The canals of this project are 3402 km long and provide irrigation to 14.6 lakh hectares of land. Delhi and Himachal Pradesh also get irrigation water and hydroelectric power. The reservoir, which is created is called 'Govind Sagar'.
4. The Hirakund Project: Flood control, irrigation and production of hydroelectric are the main purposes of this project. This project is constructed across the river Mahanadi at a distance of 10 km from Sambalpur in Odisha. River Mahanadi was called the Sorrow of Odisha.
5. The Hirakud Project has the longest dam in India with a length of 4801 m. It irrigates almost 2.54 lakh hectares of land. The States of Odisha, Bihar and Chhattisgarh are provided with irrigation and hydroelectricity.

**Q15. Answer: (d)**

Afghanistan is surrounded by Iran, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, China, Pakistan. Hungary is surrounded by Austria, Croatia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Ukraine. While Switzerland is surrounded by France, Germany, Liechtenstein, Austria, Italy.

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